

On June 2, 2008, the guitar community lost one of its true living legends in rock pioneer Bo Diddley. Inducted into the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame in 1987, Diddley is credited for the "Bo Diddley beat," a two-bar rhythm pattern whose variations would eventually find their way into countless rock songs—among them, Buddy Holly's "Not Fade Away," U2's "Desire,"

and the Strangeloves' "I Want Candy."

This chart for the eponymous (and decidedly nonacoustic) song "Bo Diddley" might appear strange at first glance—the song has no real chord changes! Relying more on its driving groove than on traditional melodic and harmonic elements, "Bo Diddley" is an easy jam favorite for acoustic and electric players alike.

On the original, the trademark "Bo Diddley beat" is played most explicitly by the bass drum. Diddley's guitar accompaniment features some slightly more-complicated patterns, but he usually takes care to emphasize the most important beats (marked

by asterisks in the strumming example shown here). Each of Diddley's vocal lines stretch over individual two-bar phrases, and are then typically answered by another two-bar phrase (with one exception, the second line of verse three). I've placed a (G) above the lyrics at the approximate place where each two-bar phrase begins. Playing the barre G chord throughout will give you the greatest control over the song's syncopation, but if your fretting hand starts to feel fatigued, regular open-position G chords can also sound great with some careful palm-muting. The two interlude sections are your chance to rock this song out with some riffage-two of Diddley's original tremolodrenched leads are transcribed below. Also, as Diddley's vocals run the gamut between crystal clarity and downright incomprehensibility, the lyrics below are best considered an approximation.

-DAN APCZYNSKI

